The Coordinated Public Transit Human Services Transportation Plans

Federal transit law requires that projects selected for funding under the Enhanced Mobility for Individuals and Individuals with Disabilities (Section 5310) Program be "included in a locally developed, coordinated public transit-human services transportation plan," and that the plan be "developed and approved through a process that included participation by seniors, individuals with disabilities, representatives of public, private, and nonprofit transportation and human services providers and other members of the public" utilizing transportation services. These coordinated plans identify the transportation needs of individuals with disabilities, older adults, and people with low incomes, provide strategies for meeting these needs, and prioritize transportation services for funding and implementation.

The plan must include these three areas:

- Individuals with disabilities
- Older adults
- People with low incomes

All projects funded from Sections 5310 grants must be identified from a locally developed, coordinated public transit-human services plan (the Local Plan). The scope of the plan must address the needs of seniors and individuals with disabilities as well as those with low incomes.

Local Plan must meet the following criteria:

- **1.** An assessment of available services that identifies current transportation providers public, private, and not-for-profit. The assessment should include the number of vehicles (both accessible and non-accessible), service area, and days and times of operation.
- **2.** An assessment of the transportation needs of people with low incomes. The assessment can be based on the experiences and perceptions of the planning partners or on more sophisticated data collection efforts. Gaps in service should be identified.
- **3.** Strategies and activities that would address the identified gaps in service. Applicants are urged to not include specific projects in the plan, as the plan should be based on a higher level of need. Including only strategies and activities will allow the sub-recipients to have more flexibility to meet the changing transportation needs of their riders.
- **4.** Priorities of implementation based on resources. Prioritizing strategies will allow the subrecipient to select the most important projects as funding becomes available. MoDOT recognizes that the highest priority activities may not be the projects that are implemented due to the small amount of federal funding available and/or the availability of local matching funds.

Public Participation - Development of the plan must include an opportunity for all interested parties to participate. The planning process should include human service agencies, local governments, private and public transit providers, and potential riders as well as members of the general public. There should be specific methods for outreach to low-income individuals who are not part of the human services delivery system. The Local Plan should document how public participation was solicited, i.e. newspaper ads, public service announcements, direct mail, etc. A lack of public interest in the project will not count against the project if adequate outreach was conducted.